

NIH 2020-2030 Vision: Increasing the Scope, Quality, Dissemination, & Impact of Nutrition Research

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Coordinator, *Nutrition for Precision Health*



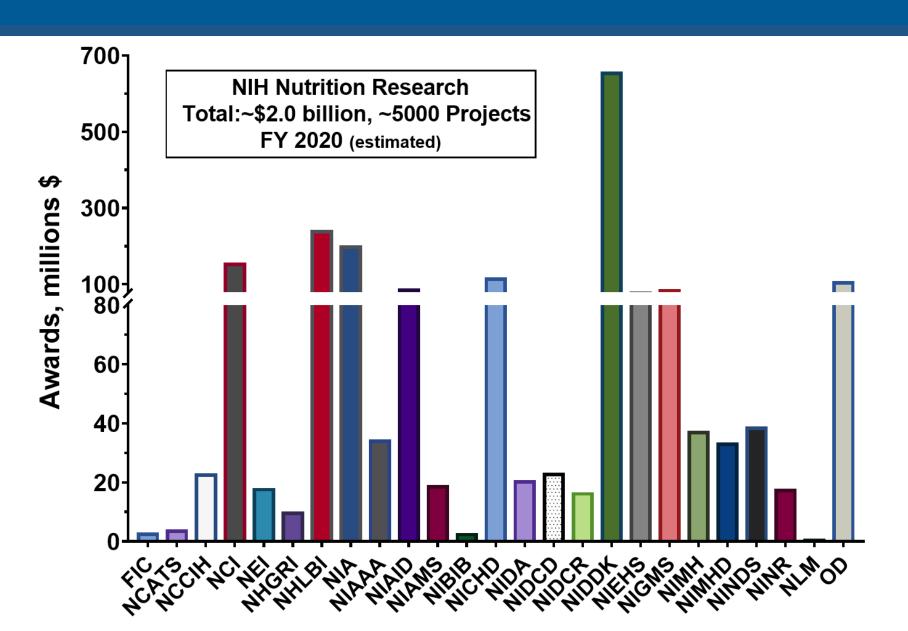


OUTLINE

- NIH Nutrition Research and the Office of Nutrition Research
- Implementation of the 2020-2030 Strategic Plan for NIH Nutrition Research
- Nutrition for Precision Health, powered by the All of Us research program



Nutrition is a cross-cutting topic across many ICs

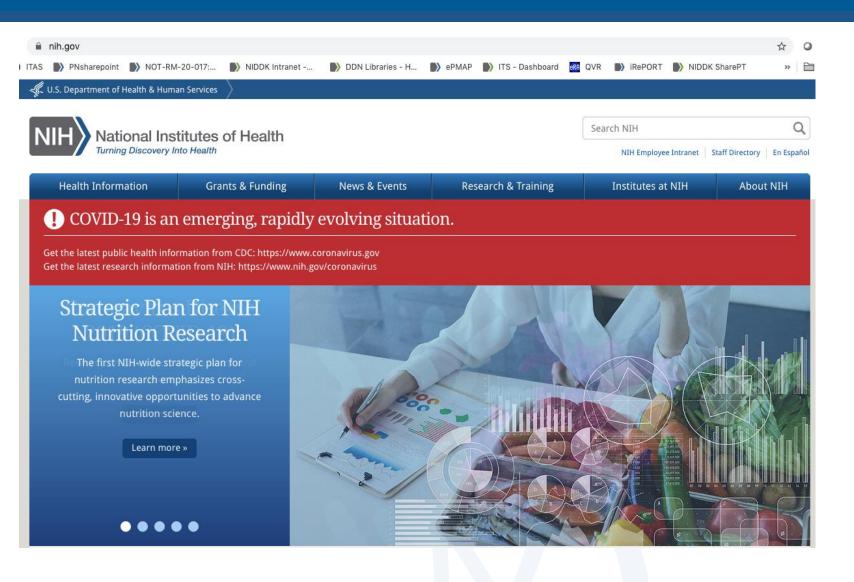


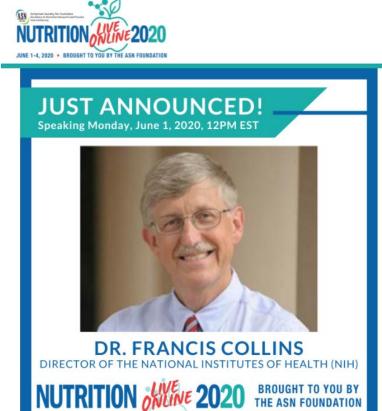
COVID-19 and Nutrition Research

- Nutrition research to address and mitigate diet-related chronic diseases is especially important now, in light of the current COVID-19 pandemic, given the increased risks faced by people with these underlying diseases.
- The consequences of COVID-19 infection are even greater for vulnerable populations, where diet related diseases are more prevalent due to health and social disparities



Strategic Plan Release Announced by Dr. Collins







I'm pleased to share that this week, NIH has begun the official transfer of ONR to DPCPSI. This reorganization positions ONR to enhance engagement of the NIH Institutes and Centers in implementing the 2020-2030 Strategic Plan for NIH Nutrition Research to develop new collaborations and relationships focused on nutrition research within and outside NIH, and to ensure coordination of and leadership for nutrition research across the agency.

Statement on the establishment of the Office of Nutrition Research within the NIH Office of the Director





ONR Mission

Advance nutrition science to promote health and reduce the burden of diet-related diseases





What's Inside The 2020-30 Strategic Plan for NIH Nutrition Research?

Unifying Vision: Precision Nutrition



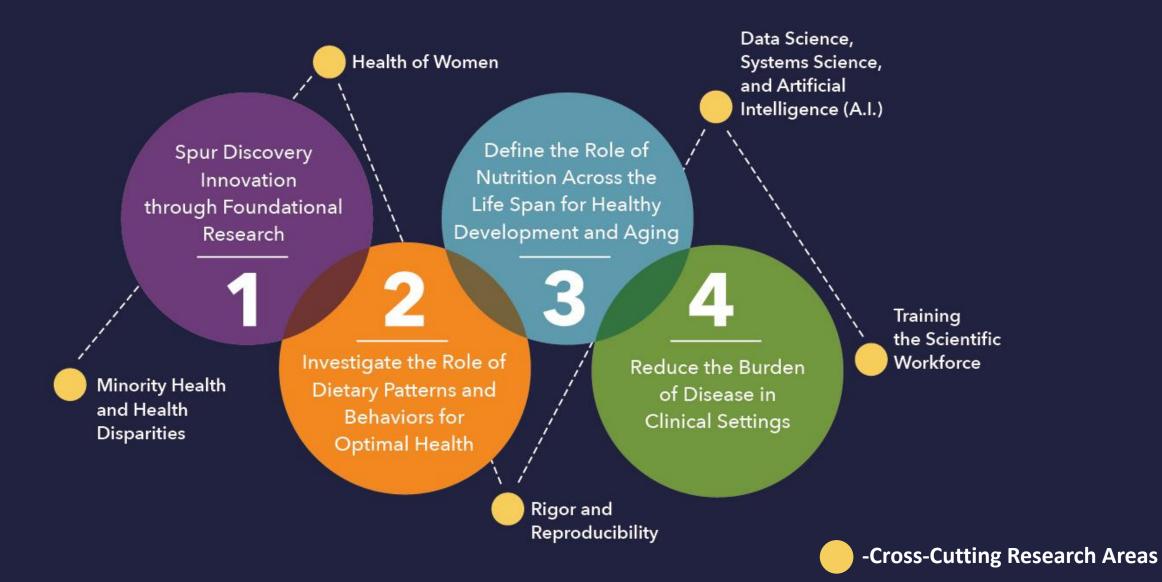


2020-2030 Strategic Plan for NIH Nutrition Research

A Report of the NIH Nutrition Research Task Force



Precision Nutrition *is the overarching theme with multiple Strategic Goals and Cross-cutting Research Areas*



Strategic Plan for NIH Nutrition Research Implementation Working Groups



The implementation strategy includes trans-NIH activities and initiatives inspired by strategic goals and cross-cutting research areas in the Plan.



An example Implementation Working Group

Nutrition and Health Disparities IWG

Co-Chairs:

Alison Brown, NHLBI



Members:

Ligia Artiles, NIMHD Josephine Boyington, NHLBI

Paul Cotton, NHLBI

Mary Evans, NIDDK

Kirsten Herrick, NCI

Bill Jirles, NIEHS

Lyndon Joseph, NIA

Linda Nebeling, NCI

Holly Nicastro, ONR

Tanya Agurs-Collins, NCI



Charlotte Pratt, NHLBI
Nishadi Rajapakse, NIMHD
Jill Reedy, NCI
Karen Regan, ONR
Marissa Shams-White, NCI
Yang (Scarlet) Shi, NHLBI
Darien Weatherspoon, NIDCR
Dan Xi, NCI
Giovanna Zappalà, NIA



https://dpcpsi.nih.gov/onr/iwg/nutrition-health-disparities

This IWG seeks to advance NIH research to understand the interactions between diet, nutritional status, the environment, and biological and behavioral processes, and how they contribute to health disparities.



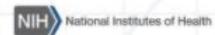
Nutrition Health Disparities Research Framework

| | | Levels of Influence | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| | | Individual | Interpersonal | Community | Societal |
| Domains of Influence (Over the Life Course) | Biological | Taste Predispositions, Nutritional Status, Nutrition Metabolism, Nutrigenomics, Metabolomics, Microbiome, Food Allergies and Intolerances | Maternal -Child Interaction, Feeding Practices (e.g., breastfeeding), Family Microbiome | Community Illness Food Contaminant | Sanitation Pathogen Exposure (e.g., E Coli) |
| | Behavioral | Dietary Intake, Dietary Habits, Eating Patterns, Coping Strategies | Family Dietary Practices (e.g., family meals) School/Work Dietary Behavior | Community Functioning Community engagement (lobbying for full- service grocery stores) | Nutrition Policies and Laws (e.g., food assistance programs and access) State- and City-level Food and Nutrition Policies (e.g., soda taxes) |
| | Physical/Built Environment | Personal Food Environment and Access (e.g., exposure to fast food at home) | Household Food Environment School/Work Food Environment | Community Environment Community Resources Neighborhood Food Environment (e.g., food deserts, food marketing) | Societal Structures (e.g., zoning laws) Dept. of Education and School System Workplace Policies and Accommodations, Food Marketing |
| | Sociocultural Environment | Food Preferences, Sociodemographic (e.g., discretionary income) Food Literacy and Preparation Skills Limited English Cultural Identity/Acculturation Response to Discrimination | Social Networks Family/Peer Norms Interpersonal Discrimination (e.g., dietary practice, body image) | Community Norms Local Structural Discrimination (e.g., dietary practice, body image) | Social Norms Food System (e.g., supply chain, food costs) Societal Structural Discrimination |
| | Health Care System | Insurance Coverage, Access, Utilization Health Literacy Treatment Preferences Nutrition Medical Therapy | Patient-Clinician Relationship Medical Decision-Making (e.g., referrals to RDs) | Availability of Services Safety Net Nutrition Services (e.g., WIC, SNAP, food pantries) | Quality of Care Health Care Policies for Nutrition Services (e.g., screening & treatment) |
| Health Outcomes | | Individual Health | Family/Organizational Health | Community Health | Population Heath ††† †††† †††† ††††† |

The Nutrition Health Disparities Research Framework was adapted from the NIMHD Minority Health and Health Disparities Research Framework. The framework highlights multiple factors and their intersection that are relevant to understanding and addressing nutrition-related health disparities. Our definition of health disparities includes race/ethnicity, low socioeconomic status, rural, sexual/gender, and minority populations. Additionally, other fundamental characteristics such as sex/gender, disability, and geographic region are included in the framework. For more information about the NIMHD Minority Health Disparities Research Framework see https://www.nimhd.nih.gov/about/overview/research-framework/. We welcome your comments on the Nutrition Health Disparities Research Framework. Please submit feedback to https://www.nimhd.nih.gov/about/overview/research@nih.gov/.

Food Insecurity, Neighborhood Food Environment, and Nutrition Health Disparities: State of the Science





Virtual Workshop September 21 – 23, 2021 12:30 – 5:30 p.m. EDT



OVERVIEW

AGENDA

SPEAKERS

ABSTRACTS & POSTERS

SPONSORS & PARTNERS

HELP

September 21-23, 2021 12:30-5:30 p.m. EDT-Doors open at 12:00 p.m. EDT



National Institutes of Health

Food Insecurity, Neighborhood Food Environment, and Nutrition Health Disparities: State of the Science

NOT-OD-21-183 Request for Information (RFI): Research Opportunities to End Hunger, Food and Nutrition Insecurity.

Past Workshop

Workshop on Bioactive Ingredients in Infant Formula

September 23-24, 2021

Sponsor/Co-Sponsor(s)

Pediatric Growth and Nutrition Branch (PGNB), Division of Extramural Research (DER), NICHD; Office of Dietary Supplements, Office of the NIH Director, NIH; Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition, U.S. Food and Drug Administration

Location

Webinar; registration is free, but required

Purpose

This 2-day, virtual workshop—Exploring the Science Surrounding the Safe Use of Bioactive Ingredients in Infant Formula: Considerations for an Assessment Framework—focuses on the functional state-of-the-science of biologically active human milk components and analogs and the implications for safety assessments when used in infant formula.

Contact

Dr. Ashley Vargas, PGNB, DER, NICHD

Phone: 301-827-6030

Email: ashley.vargas@nih.gov



Advanced Training in Artificial Intelligence for Precision Nutrition Science Research (AIPrN)

Program Goal

This program aims to build a future workforce that will be able to make pivotal discoveries using an increasingly complex landscape of Big Data and a wide array of data tools to tackle complex biomedical challenges in nutrition science and diet-related chronic diseases.

Initiative

- An institutional research training program [T32] for advanced training in artificial intelligence for precision nutrition science research (AIPrN)
- ONR and participating institutes intend to co-fund 8-12 programs, contingent upon NIH appropriations and the quality of proposals

National Institutes of Health

Nutrition for Precision Health

Powered by the All of Us Research Program



The first *All of Us* Ancillary study

Goal: To develop algorithms to predict individual responses to foods and dietary patterns based on microbiome, physiological, metabolic, behavioral, cognitive, and environmental data, and leverage existing All of Us genomic, EHR, and survey data.

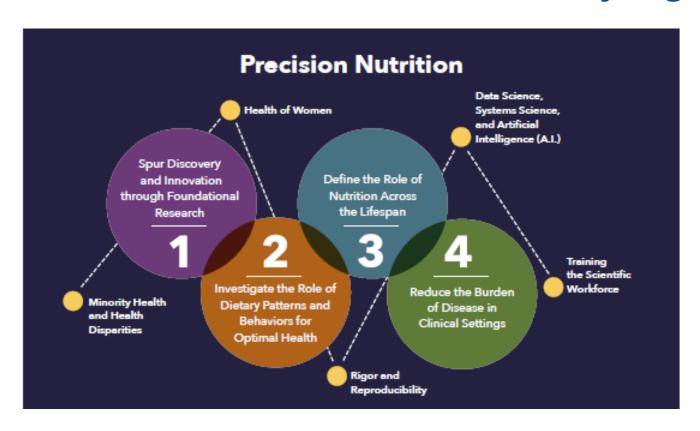




2020-2030 Strategic Plan for NIH Nutrition Research

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Precision Nutrition is a Unifying Vision



Objective 2-5. Develop and Validate Algorithms to Predict What All of Us Should Eat



Nutrition for Precision Health

Powered by the All of Us Research Program



- NPH Primary Goal: to develop algorithms to predict individual responses to foods and dietary patterns
 - Using comprehensive set of microbiome, genomic, physiological, metabolic, behavioral, cognitive, contextual, electronic health record, survey, and environmental data
 - In large and diverse population of participants
- NPH Secondary Goals:
 - Improving dietary assessment methods
 - Nutrition Science Discovery Engine
- Learn more: https://commonfund.nih.gov/nutritionforprecisionhealth



Study overview – modular design



Examine baseline diet and physiological responses to meal challenges



Examine responses to 3 shortterm intervention diets in freeliving controlled feeding studies



Examine responses to 3 shortterm intervention diets in domiciled controlled feeding studies

10,000 All of Us participants

1,000- 1500 Module 1 participants

500-1000 Module 1 participants

In all 3 modules

- Collect microbiome, physiological, metabolic, behavioral, cognitive, and environmental data, and leverage existing genomic, EHR, and survey data, and conduct mixed meal challenges to model the impact of diet and dietary patterns on physiological responses
- Use machine learning and artificial intelligence to develop predictive algorithms

NPH is a Common Fund Program

Transformative Must have the potential to dramatically benefit biomedical and/or

behavioral research

Catalytic Must achieve a defined set of goals within 5-10 years

Synergistic Outcomes must synergistically advance individual missions of Institutes

and Centers

Cross-cutting Program areas must cut across missions of multiple Institutes and

Centers, requiring a coordinated approach

Unique No other entity is likely or able to do





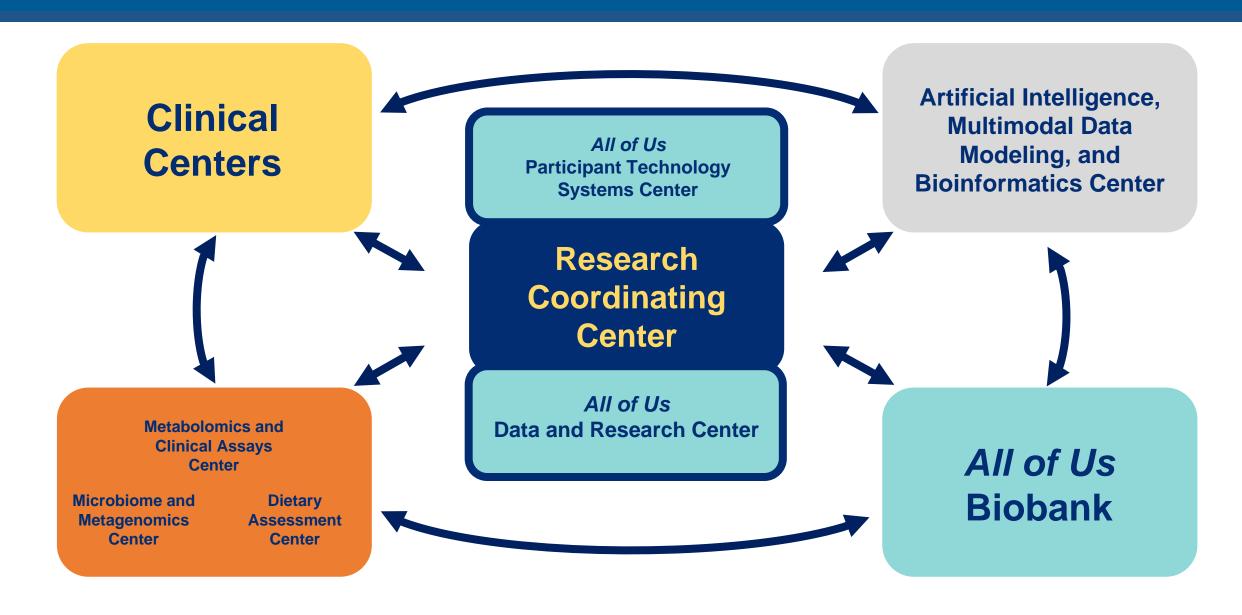
NPH is nested in the All of Us Research Program

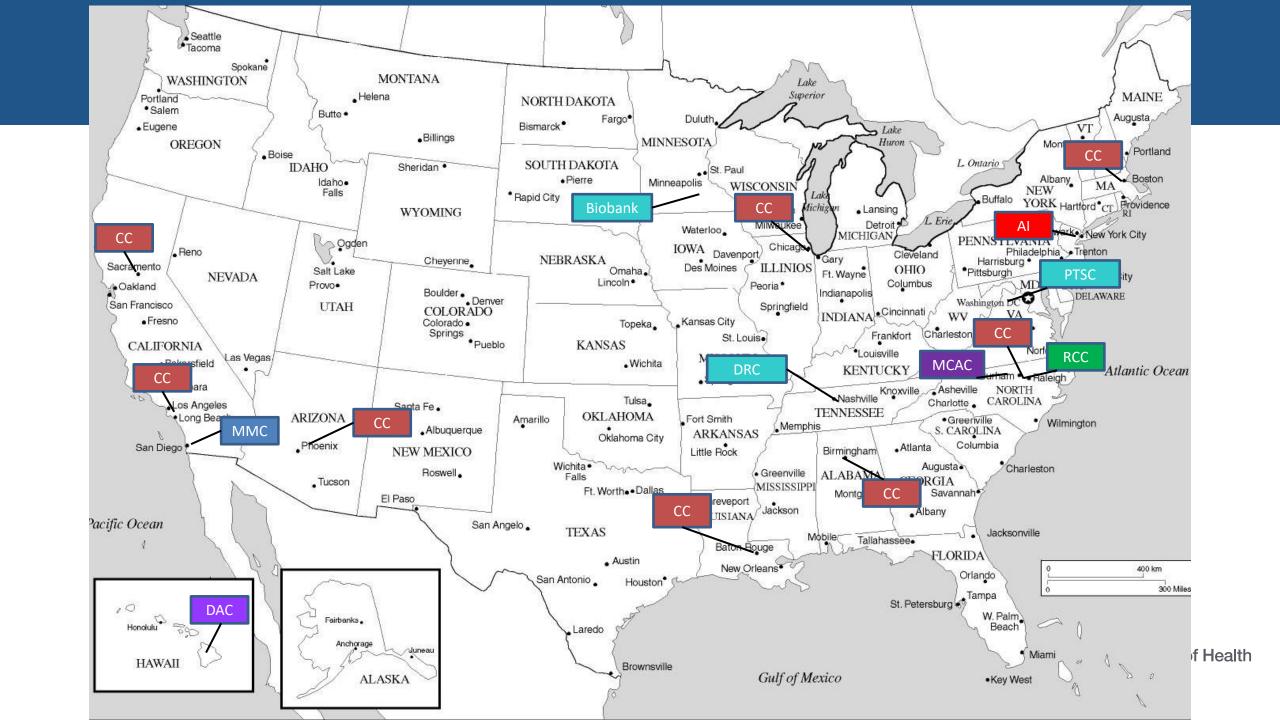
- Diversity at the scale of 1 million people or more
- Focus on participants as partners
- Longitudinal design, ability to recontact
- Multiple data types: EHR, surveys, baseline physical measurements, biospecimens, genomics
- National, open resource for all: broadly accessible to all researchers with open source software & tools
- Security and privacy safeguards for all participant data



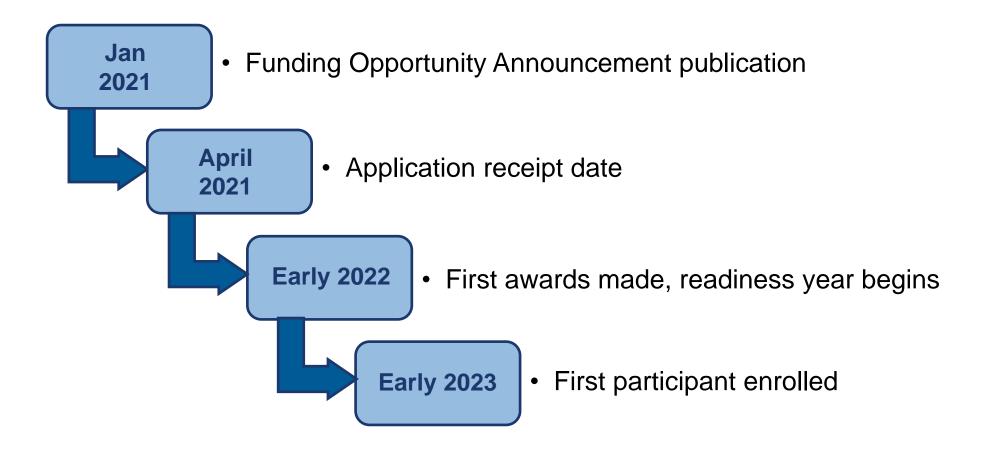


NPH Program structure





Timeline |



Learn more: https://commonfund.nih.gov/nutritionforprecisionhealth

We're Listening

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- Opportunities for the nutrition research community to engage ad hoc with NIH staff in person has been and will continue to will be limited in the next year
- Through our new NutRitioNaLS program, we're facilitating discussions between relevant NIH staff and nutrition research stakeholders (trainees, scientists or groups).





Thank you! Questions?

